1. What are the skill development measures undertaken in Pharmaceutical sector?

To keep pace with the growing demand for highly skilled R&D professionals the government has undertaken the transformation of National Institutes of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (NIPERs) For more information, click here.

2. What principles does National Pharmaceuticals Policy follow while pricing drugs?

The key principles for the regulation of the prices are: a) Essentiality of drugs. b) Control formulations prices. c) Market based pricing. For more information, click here.

3. What is the objective of the Pharmaceutical Promotion Development Scheme?

The objective of Pharmaceutical Promotion Development Scheme (PPDS) is promotion, development and export promotion in Pharmaceutical sector by extending financial support for conduct of seminars, conferences, exhibitions, mounting delegations to and from India for promotion of exports as well as investments, conducting studies/consultancies for facilitating growth, exports as well as critical issues affecting Pharma sector. For more information, click here.

4. What is the cluster development programme for pharma sector?

The CDP scheme is implemented on a Public Private Partnership format through one-time grant-in-aid with aim to enhance Quality, productivity & Innovative capabilities of the SME Pharma sector in the country. The benefits of the scheme are: a) Access to world class facility. b) Cost of production will come down by 20%. For more information, click here.

5. Can I the pharma get an overview of Indian Pharma sector?
The pharmaceutical sector in India, expected to expand at a CAGR of 22.4 per cent over 2015–20 to reach US$ 55 billion. India's pharmaceutical exports stood at US$ 17.27 billion in FY18 and have reached US$ 10.80 billion in FY19. Sector supplies over 50% of global demand for various vaccines. For more information, click here.

6. What is a Generic Medicine?

Generic medicines are unbranded medicines which are equally safe and having the same efficacy as that of branded medicines in terms of their therapeutic value. The prices of generic medicines are much cheaper than their branded equivalent. For more information, click here.

7. What is Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana mission?

The mission of Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojna (PMBJP) is to create awareness among people regarding generic medicines. create demand for generic medicines through medical practioners create awareness through education and awareness program that high price need not be synonymous with high quality. provide all the commonly used generic medicines covering all the therapeutic groups. provide all the related health care products too under the scheme. For more information, click here.

8. What are the functions of Bureau of Pharma Public Sector Undertakings of India?

Some of the key missions are: 1. Create awareness among public regarding generic medicines. 2. Create demand for generic medicines through medical practioners. 3. Create awareness through education and awareness program that high price need not be synonymous with high quality. 4. Provide all the commonly used generic medicines covering all the therapeutic groups. 5. Provide all the related health care products too under the scheme. For more information, click here.

9. What is Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana?

Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJK) is a campaign launched by the Department of Pharmaceuticals, Govt. Of India, to provide quality medicines at affordable prices to the masses through special kendra’s known as Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Jan Aushadhi Kendra. For more information, click here.
10. What is Bureau of Pharma PSUs of India?

Bureau of Pharma PSUs of India (BPPI) is the implementing agency of Pradhan Mantri Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP). BPPI was established in December, 2008 under the Department of Pharmaceuticals, Government of India. For more information, click here.