FAQs

Sectoral

Education

1. What is the FDI policy in Education Sector?

100% FDI is allowed through automatic route in Education Sector. Under the Automatic Route, the foreign investor or Indian company does not require prior approval from Reserve Bank of India or Government of India.

2. What does National Education Policy 2020 says about investment in the sector?

The Centre and the States will work together to increase the public investment in Education sector to reach 6% of GDP at the earliest with provide easy approval for private investment.

3. How has National Education Policy 2020 supported foreign investment?

Education Policy has envisioned setting up of Foreign University campuses in India and also collaboration with Indian Universities to provide Dual degree, Joint degrees and twinning programmes.

4. What are the new regulations for offshore centres in GIFT CITY?

For the first time, foreign universities or educational institutions are allowed to establish offshore centres in GIFT City and offer courses such as financial management, FinTech and courses in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics.

5. What are the guidelines of UGC for foreign collaboration with home universities in India?

University Grant commission has framed guidelines for foreign collaboration with home universities to offer joint and dual degrees in India.

6. Differentiate between dual and joint degree?

Although the terms 'joint degree' and 'dual degree' are sometimes used interchangeably, it is important to note that there is a difference between the two concepts. A 'dual' or 'double' degree requires students to complete two separate programmes at two universities, whereas a joint degree programme is for a single degree with one curriculum designed and offered collaboratively by two universities.